

## Submission on: Options for the future regulation of 'low risk' products

I am an Australian citizen currently residing in New Zealand. Am a consumer of complementary health products and a health sciences student.

**Aromatherapy products** – I am opposed to option 3 – the claim that essential oils are not a therapeutic product is not based on well researched evidence.

My preferred option is 1 and or 2.

**Homeopathic products** –The TGA's dependence on the flawed [NHMRC Report on Homeopathy](#), which is currently being reviewed by an ombudsman because of irregularities, and the equally flawed [UK Science and Technology Report](#) that was ultimately rejected by the UK Parliament, indicates a potential bias by the TGA; while the TGA has shown a preference for these questionable reports, it has omitted the positive [Swiss Homeopathy in Healthcare Report](#) from its consultation.)

The TGA's role is to protect public safety, not to make value judgements on faulty evidence. I am strongly opposed to option 3 and option 4. Given that homeopathy is a low risk and safe product (in fact a lot safer than many OTC products – e.g. Panadol overdose is a serious and potentially fatal health risk) it makes me wonder why the TGA are afraid of it? What aspect of governmental control does it threaten – the pharmaceutical big dollar perhaps? There is no valid common sense in option 3 or 4.

As homeopathy is the safest option of any medicine available, I support option 1 and/or option 2.

Any option for anything that aligns most closely with the US model should seriously be avoided at all costs. Options that align with a European model should be preferred.