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From: Sent:

Tuesday, 17 October 2017 2:34 PM

To:

Medicines Scheduling;

Chemicals Scheduling

Cc:

Subject:

RE: Alkyl nitrites and lubricants exemption in Appendix A [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Thanks

I endorse both of these requests.

I wonder why we even need an Appendix A exemption for motor/machine/engineering lubricants. If they are used industrially they are covered by WHS law and labelling, and if they are for consumer use and containing poisons, then they should be treated as poisons and packed, labelled and supplied as such.

Regards

Note: signatory a State/Territory health authority employee

From: Medicines Scheduling [mailto:MedicinesScheduling@health.gov.au]

Sent: Thursday, 12 October 2017 8:40 AM

To: Chemicals Scheduling

Cc:

Subject: RE: Alkyl nitrites and lubricants exemption in Appendix A [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Dear

Thank you for your information, and I am so sorry but unfortunately we are too short of time to send this to the November meeting (as sending it to the meeting would require a consultation). We'll include it with the substances for the March meeting.

If I understand correctly, you are seeking clarification of the Appendix A entry, and you are also seeking a class entry for alkyl nitrites or volatile alkyl nitrites in Schedule 4?

As always, any additional information you may have is most welcome. By 10 November would be ideal, for the delegate's consideration.

Kind regards,



The Chemicals and Medicines Scheduling Secretariat Team

Scheduling and Committee Governance Section (SCGS)

Phone: 1800 020 653

Email: chemicals.scheduling@health.gov.au and medicines.scheduling@health.gov.au

Therapeutic Goods Administration

The Department of Health
PO Box 100
Woden, ACT 2606
Australia
www.tga.gov.au

The Department of Health acknowledges the traditional owners of country throughout Australia, and their continuing connection to land, sea and community. We pay our respects to them and their cultures, and to elders both past and present.

Please note that this response is general information given to you without prejudice; it is not binding on the TGA and you should get your own independent legal advice to ensure that all of the legislative requirements are met

From:

Sent: Monday, 9 October 2017 3:22 PM

To: Chemicals Scheduling; Medicines Scheduling

Cc:

Subject: Alkyl nitrites and lubricants exemption in Appendix A [SEC=No Protective Marking]

Dear Secretariat staff

Misinterpretation of the exemption for lubricants

we have received information from a couple of "adult shop" type businesses that suppliers of "poppers" (which contain various short chain volatile alkyl nitrites, although not usually amyl nitrite anymore) are claiming their products are exempt from the SUSMP on the basis that they are marketed as "lubricants". One of the "adult shop" businesses claimed to have a "letter from the TGA" indicating that a particular alkyl nitrite would be classified as a lubricant and therefore be exempt from the SUSMP — of course they could/would not provide a copy of the letter or the name of the signatory or even the area of the TGA from which the letter was sent. I strongly suspect the letter does not exist or was provided by the wholesale supplier of the "poppers".

Of course, the volatility of the alkyl nitrites contained in these products would mean the products could not have a lubricating action. These products are generally labelled as "leather cleaners" or "room odorisers" but there is no

credible evidence they are actually used for either of these purposes. Rather the contents of the little bottles which cost about \$30 to \$50 are inhaled

I am wondering if the Appendix A entry for lubricants could be clarified to ensure its original intention is retained? In other words, that this exemption is referring to motor/engineering lubricants rather than any other type of lubricant i.e. the exemption is for preparations that provide a lubricating action between machinery parts. I could not find much in the meeting minutes and lubricants seem to have been on the list of exemptions from the late 1960's i.e. since this list first existed as an "exemption list".

Scheduling of alkyl nitrites

Also there is quite a bit of information on the web indicating that "popper" manufacturers are using other alkyl nitrites to try and circumvent any regulatory controls – isopentyl nitrite, cyclohexyl nitrite, propyl nitrite and isopropyl nitrite are all mentioned. There is some anecdotal evidence that isopropyl nitrite is already being used in Australian products. There are case reports in the medical literature linking isopropyl nitrite inhalant use with maculopathy. There is some information that this has occurred in Australia – see http://www.optometry.org.au/blog-news/2015/3/24/poppers-on-the-program-at-super-sunday/

NDARC's Ecstasy and Related Drugs Reporting System (EDRS) shows use of amyl nitrite (which I assume includes other alkyl nitrites) running at 27% of those who participated in the survey in 2016 (up from 21% in 2015). The demographics of the survey group suggest popper use has expanded to the community more generally – it was once associated more with the LGBTI community.

https://ndarc.med.unsw.edu.au/sites/default/files/ndarc/resources/National EDRS %202016 FINALwith%20customs.pdf

Specific listing of these alternative alkyl nitrites or the crafting of an entry to ensure clarity of the intent of capturing any volatile alkyl nitrite in S4 would be ideal.

For your consideration – let me know if you want me to provide further information/detail.

Regards,

Note: signatory a State/Territory health authority employee

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