I.C.3.3.

Tabular Listings of all Clinical Studies

I.C.3.3. Tabular Listing of All Clinical Studies

Cymbalta™ (Duloxetine Hydrochloride) Major Depressive Disorder

Lilly Research Laboratories Eli Lilly and Company Indianapolis, Indiana, USA

NOTE:

Section IV.B.1.5 has not been submitted, as requested by TGA – see overall table of contents for more detail

Sections IV.B.1.6 – IV.B.1.7 have been removed and are included in SUI Part IV submitted to Stream 3 – see overall table of contents for more detail

These studies have not been submitted, however, for your information they have not been removed from the Tabular Listing.

Table I.C.3.3.

Listing of Clinical Studies

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC-	Safety and	February 1999	Multicenter,	Duloxetine	N=173	DSM-IV-	8 weeks	HAMD ₁₇
HMAQa	Efficacy	Complete	parallel group,	capsules: 10 mg,	(M=62; F=111)	defined MDD		Total
Section		May 2000	double-blind,	20 mg	41.4 years	(current		Score
IV.B.1.1.1.1;			randomized	Fluoxetine	(18.7-65)	episode		
Complete;			placebo-controlled,	capsules: 20 mg		duration ≥2		1
Full			blinded placebo	Placebo capsules		weeks); CGI-		
			lead-in and lead-			Severity		
			out	Duloxetine:		score ≥4;		
				20-60 mg		clinician-rated		
				PO BID		HAMD ₁₇ total		
				Fluoxetine: 20		score ≥15 at		
				mg PO QD		Visits 1 and 2		
				Placebo				

Table I.C.3.3.

Listing of Clinical Studies

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC-	Safety and	March 1999	Multicenter,	Duloxetine	N=194	DSM-IV-	8 weeks	HAMD ₁₇
HMAQb	Efficacy	Complete	parallel group,	capsules: 10 mg,	(M=65; F=129)	defined MDD		Total
Section		January 2001	double-blind,	20 mg	40.4 years	(current	ē	Score
IV.B.1.1.1.2;			randomized	Fluoxetine	(18.9-64.4)	episode		
Complete;			placebo-controlled,	capsules: 20 mg		duration ≥2		
Full			blinded placebo	Placebo capsules		weeks); CGI-		
			lead-in and lead-			Severity		
			out	Duloxetine:		score ≥4;		
				20-60 mg		clinician-rated		
				PO BID		HAMD ₁₇ total		
				Fluoxetine: 20		score ≥15 at		1
				mg PO QD		Visits 1 and 2		
				Placebo				

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- HMATb Section IV.B.1.1.1.3; Complete; Full	Safety and Efficacy	March 2000 Complete February 2001	Multicenter, parallel, double- blind, randomized, placebo- and active comparator- controlled study with blinded placebo lead-in and placebo lead-out	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Paroxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 20 mg or 40 mg PO BID Paroxetine: 20 mg PO QD Placebo	N=353 (M=136; F=217) 40.5 years (18.2-78.2)	DSM-IV— defined MDD; CGI-Severity score ≥4 at Visits 1 and 2; clinician-rated HAMD ₁₇ total score ≥15 at Visits 1 and 2	8 weeks	HAMD ₁₇ Total Score
F1J-MC- HMATa Section IV.B.1.1.1.4; Complete; Full	Safety and Efficacy	March 2000 Complete April 2001	Multicenter, parallel, double- blind, randomized, placebo- and active comparator- controlled study with blinded placebo lead-in and placebo lead-out	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Paroxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 20 mg or 40 mg PO BID Paroxetine: 20 mg PO QD Placebo	N=354 (M=136; F=218) 43.7 years (18.0-82.2)	DSM-IV— defined MDD; CGI-Severity score ≥4 at Visits 1 and 2; clinician-rated HAMD ₁₇ total score ≥15 at Visits 1 and 2	8 weeks	HAMD ₁₇ Total Score

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- HMAYa Section IV.B.1.1.1.5; Complete; Full	Safety and Efficacy	November 2000 Complete July 2002	Multicenter, parallel, double- blind, randomized, placebo- and active comparator- controlled study with blinded placebo lead-in and placebo lead out	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Paroxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40 or 60 mg PO BID Paroxetine: 20 mg PO QD Placebo	N=367 (M=100; F=267) 43.4 years (19.3-74.4)	DSM-IV— defined MDD; CGI-Severity score ≥4 at Visits 1 and 2; clinician-rated HAMD ₁₇ total score ≥15 at Visits 1 and 2	34 weeks	HAMD ₁₇ Total Score
F1J-MC- HMAYb Section IV.B.1.1.1.6; Complete; Full	Safety and Efficacy	October 2000 Complete July 2002	Multicenter, parallel, double- blind, randomized, placebo- and active comparator- controlled study with blinded placebo lead-in and placebo lead out	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Paroxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40 or 60 mg PO BID Paroxetine: 20 mg PO QD Placebo	N=392 (M=119; F=273) 45.2 years (20.1-76.7)	DSM-IV- defined MDD; CGI-Severity score ≥4 at Visits 1 and 2; clinician-rated HAMD ₁₇ total score ≥15 at Visits 1 and 2	34 weeks	HAMD ₁₇ Total Score

Table I.C.3.3.

Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type F1J-MC- HMBHa Section IV.B.1.1.2.1; Complete; Full	Objective(s) Safety and Efficacy	Enrollment Start Status and End November 2000 Complete May 2001	Design; Control Type Multicenter, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 60 mg PO QD Placebo	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years N=245 (M=82; F=163) 42.4 years (18.6-77.7)	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria DSM-IV— defined MDD; CGI-Severity score ≥4 at Visits 1 and 2; clinician-rated HAMD ₁₇ total score ≥15 at	Treatment Duration 9 weeks	Primary Endpoint HAMD ₁₇ Total Score
F1J-MC- HMBHb Section IV.B.1.1.2.2; Complete; Full	Safety and Efficacy	November 2000 Complete May 2001	Multicenter, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 60 mg PO QD Placebo	N=267 (M=83; F=184) 40.9 years (19.2-82.9)	Visits 1 and 2 DSM-IV— defined MDD; CGI-Severity score ≥4 at Visits 1 and 2; clinician-rated HAMD ₁₇ total score ≥15 at Visits 1 and 2	9 weeks	HAMD ₁₇ Total Score

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study								
Identifier; Location;		Enrollment Start		Test and Control Drug(s)	# Patients (M/F)	Diagnosis or		
Status;		Status and	Design;	Dose, Route,	Mean Age	Inclusion	Treatment	Primary
Report Type	Objective(s)	End	Control Type	and Regimen	(Range) years	Criteria	Duration	Endpoint
F1J-MC-	Safety and	March 2002	Randomized,	Duloxetine	N=163 as of	DSM-IV-	38 weeks	Time to
HMBC	Efficacy	Ongoing	double-blind,	capsules: 20 mg	01 November	defined MDD;		relapse
Section			placebo-controlled,	Placebo capsules	2002)	CGI-Severity		during
IV.B.1.1.2.3;			parallel group			score ≥4 at		continuation
Ongoing			study	Duloxetine:	≥18 years	Visits 1 and 2		phase using
				60 mg PO QD		and HAMD ₁₇		the log rank
				Duloxetine		total score		test
				60 mg PO BID		≥18 at Visits 1		
				(rescue phase)		and 2. Must		
				Placebo		have had one		
		1				depressive		
						episode.		
F1J-MC-	Safety and	February 2000	Multicenter, long-	Duloxetine	N=1279	DSM-IV-	52 weeks	Safety
HMAU	Efficacy	Complete	term, open-label	capsules: 20 mg	(M=351; F=928)	defined MDD;		
Section		Oct 2001			44.4 years	CGI-Severity		
IV.B.1.2.1;				Duloxetine: 40 –	(18.1-87.4)	score ≥3 at		
Complete;				60 mg PO BID		Visits 1 and 2		
Abbreviated								

Table I.C.3.3.

Study								
Identifier;		Enrollment		Test and				
Location;		Start		Control Drug(s)	# Patients (M/F)	Diagnosis or		
Status;		Status and	Design;	Dose, Route,	Mean Age	Inclusion	Treatment	Primary
Report Type	Objective(s)	End	Control Type	and Regimen	(Range) years	Criteria	Duration	Endpoint
F1J-MC-	Safety and	February	Double-blind,	Duloxetine	N=105	DSM-III-R-	10 weeks	HAMD ₁₇ ,
HMAG	Efficacy	1993	stratified,	tablets: 10 mg	(M=48; F=57)	defined		MADRS
Section		Complete	randomized,	Placebo tablets	40.4 years	unipolar		Total Scores
IV.B.1.3.1;		November	parallel design with		(19.7-64.7)	MDD; for at		
Complete;		1994	an "enriched"	Duloxetine:		least 1 month.		
Abbreviated			population	20 mg PO QD		HAMD ₁₇ total		
				Placebo		score of ≥ 17 at		
						Visit 1.		
F1J-MC-	Safety and	November	Double-blind,	Duloxetine	N=177	DSM-III-R-	54 weeks	HAMD ₁₇ ,
HMAH b	Efficacy	1993	placebo-controlled,	tablets: 10 mg	(M=75; F=102)	defined MDD.		MADRS,
Section		Complete	randomized,	Duloxetine	36.5 years	HAMD ₁₇ total		CGI-Severity,
IV.B.1.3.2;		September	parallel design	tablets: 20 mg	(19.1-68.3)	score of ≥17 at		CGI-
Complete;		1995	-	Placebo tablets		Visit 1.		Improvement
Abbreviated								Scores
				Duloxetine:				
				20 or 30 mg				
				PO QD				
				Placebo				

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC-	Safety and	December	Randomized,	Duloxetine	N=648	DSM-III-R-	8-week acute	HAMD ₁₇
HMAI	Efficacy	1993	parallel, double-	tablets: 5 mg	(M=212; F=436)	defined	phase plus a	Total
Section		Complete	blind, placebo- and	Duloxetine	42.4 years	unipolar	double-blind	Scores
IV.B.1.3.3;		January 1996	active comparator-	tablets: 10 mg	(17.8-84.1)	MDD.	extension	
Complete;			controlled study	Duloxetine		HAMD ₁₇ total	phase for a	
Abbreviated				tablets: 20 mg		score of \geq 18.	total of	
				Clomipramine			55 weeks	
				capsules: 25 mg				
				Clomipramine				
				capsules: 50 mg				1
				Placebo capsules				
				Duloxetine:				
				5, 10, or 20 mg				
				PO QD				
				Clomipramine:				1
				150 mg PO BID				
547 577 500		1		Placebo	27.00	D01 (111 D		1 *** **
F1J-EW-E001	Safety and	March 1993	Single arm,	Duloxetine	N=93	DSM-III-R-	6 weeks	HAMD ₁₇
Section	Efficacy	Complete	noncontrolled	tablets:	(M=31; F=62)	defined		Total
IV.B.1.3.4;		October 1993		20 mg	38.0 years	unipolar MDD		Scores
Complete; Abbreviated				Duloxetine:	(18.4-63.8)	טמוא		
				20 mg PO QD	(3)			

Duloxetine HydrochlorIde (LY248686) 5.2. tabular-listing

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-US- HMBY Section IV.B.1.4.1; Ongoing	Safety	June 2002 Ongoing	Double-blind, dose escalation	Duloxetine capsules: 30 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 60-120 mg PO QD Placebo	N=128 as of 01 November 2002 ≥18 years	DSM-IV- defined MDD; HAMD ₁₇ total score ≥15 at Visits 1 and 2	7 weeks	Safety
F1J-US- HMBZ Section IV.B.1.4.2; Ongoing	Safety and Efficacy	November 2002 Ongoing	Multicenter, open- label, flexible dose	Duloxetine capsules: 30 mg Duloxetine: 60- 120 mg PO QD	No patients enrolled as of 01 November 2002. ≥18 years	DSM-IV- defined MDD; HAMD ₁₇ total score ≥15 and CGI- Severity total score ≥4 at Visits 1 and 2	12 weeks	Compare the stabilized duloxetine dose in treatment- naïve patients and SSRI switch patients

Duloxetine Hydrochlorlde (LY248686)

Table I.C.3.3.

Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- HMBO Section IV.B.1.5.1; Complete, Full	Safety and Efficacy	July 2001 Complete March 2002	Parallel, double- blind, placebo- controlled	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 60 mg PO BID Placebo	N=207 (M=23; F=184) 49.1 years (18.8-79.7)	Met criteria for fibromyalgia as defined by the American College of Rheumatology Score of ≥4 on the Fibromyalgia Impact Questionnaire at Visits 1 and	12 weeks	FIQ

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC-	Safety and	Acute Phase:	Acute phase:	Duloxetine	Acute phase:	Pain due to	Acute phase:	Weekly
HMAW	Efficacy	June 2001	Double-blind,	capsules: 20 mg	N=457	bilateral	12 weeks	mean of
Section		Completed	randomized,	Placebo capsules	(M=281; F=176)	peripheral		the 24-
IV.B.1.5.2;		March 2002	parallel, placebo-		60.1 years	neuropathy	Extension	hour
Ongoing			controlled	Duloxetine:	(22.4- 88.8)	caused by	phase:	average
		Extension		60 mg PO BID		Type I or II	52 weeks	pain
		phase:		Duloxetine:	Extension phase:	diabetes		severity
		Ongoing		60 mg PO QD	N=338 (as of 01	mellitus.		scores
				Duloxetine:	November 2002)	Score of at		recorded
				20 mg PO QD	≥18	least 3 on		daily on
				Placebo		MNSI. Daily		an 11-
						pain present		point
						for ≥6 month.		Likert
								scale

Duloxetine Hydrochloride (LY248686) 5.2. tabular-listing

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- HMBT Section IV.B.1.5.3; Ongoing	Safety and Efficacy	July 2002 Ongoing	Open-label safety study	Duloxetine capsules: 30 mg Duloxetine: 60 mg PO BID Duloxetine: 120 mg PO QD	N=453 (as of 01 November 2002) ≥18	Pain due to bilateral peripheral neuropathy caused by Type I or II diabetes mellitus. Score of at least 3 on MNSI. Daily pain present for ≥6 months.	28 weeks	MNSI
F1J-MC- HMCA Section IV.B.1.5.4; Ongoing	Safety and Efficacy	November 2002 Ongoing	Parallel, double- blind, placebo- controlled study	Duloxetine capsules: 30 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 60 mg BID PO Duloxetine 60 mg QD PO Placebo	0 patients randomized as of 01 November 2002. ≥18	Fibromyalgia as defined by the American College of Rheumatology. A score of ≥4 on the average pain item on the BPI at Visit 2.	13 weeks	Brief Pain Inventory- average pain item

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type F1J-MC-	Objective(s) Safety and	Enrollment Start Status and End October 2002	Design; Control Type Multicenter,	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen Duloxetine	#Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years N=330 (planned,	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria Pain due to	Treatment Duration 12 weeks	Primary Endpoint Reduction
HMAV(a) Section IV.B.1.5.5; Ongoing	Efficacy	Ongoing	parallel, double- blind, randomized, placebo-controlled	capsules: 30 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 60 mg PO QD Duloxetine: 60 mg PO BID Placebo Routine care	0 patients randomized as of 01 November 2002) ≥18 years	bilateral diabetic neuropathy caused by Type I or II diabetes mellitus	52-week continuation	in average pain severity as measured by an 11-point Likert scale
F1J-MC- HMAV(b) Section IV.B.1.5.6; Ongoing	Safety and Efficacy	October 2002 Ongoing	Multicenter, parallel, double- blind, randomized, placebo-controlled	Duloxetine capsules: 30 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 60 mg PO QD Duloxetine: 60 mg PO BID Placebo Routine care	N=330 (planned, 0 patients randomized as of 01 November 2002) ≥18 years	Pain due to bilateral diabetic neuropathy caused by Type I or II diabetes mellitus	12 weeks 52-week continuation	Reduction in average pain severity as measured by an 11-point Likert scale

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-US-	Safety and	March 2002	Double-blind,	Duloxetine	N=282	DSM-IV-	9 weeks	BPI-
HMCB	Efficacy	Ongoing	placebo controlled	capsules: 30 mg	≥18 years	defined MDD,		question 3
Section				Placebo capsules		HAMD ₁₇ total		la .
IV.B.1.5.7;						score ≥15,		1
Complete				Duloxetine: 60		CGI-Severity		1
				mg QD PO		total score ≥4		
				Placebo		at both Visits		
						1 and 2, and		
						BPI average		
						pain score		
						(question 3) of		
						≥2 at Visit 2		

Duloxetine Hydrochloride (LY248686)

Table I.C.3.3.

Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J- MC- SBAT IV.B.1.6.1; Complete; Full	Safety and Efficacy	December 2000 Complete April 2002	Double-blind, stratified, randomized, parallel, placebo-controlled, multicenter study Blinded placebo lead-in	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40 mg PO BID Placebo	N=494 (F=494) 52.9 years (24.2-82.6)	SUI Average of at least 7 incontinent episodes per week before enrollment. Positive Cough Stress Test, positive Stress Pad Test result (>2.0 g); first sensation of bladder fill (urge to void) ≥100 mL, bladder capacity >400 mL; normal day and night urinary frequency	12 weeks (subjects completing trial are eligible to continue in Study SBAU)	IEF – percent change from baseline; percent change for I-QOL total score

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J- MC- SBAV IV.B.1.6.2; Complete; Full	Safety and Efficacy	November 2000 Complete February 2002	Double-blind, stratified, randomized, parallel, placebo- controlled, multicenter study Blinded placebo lead-in	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40 mg PO BID Placebo	N=683 (F=683) 52.8 years (22.5-83.8)	SUI Average of at least 7 incontinent episodes per week before enrollment. Positive Cough Stress Test, positive Stress Pad Test result (>2.0 g); first sensation of bladder fill (urge to void) ≥100 mL, bladder capacity >400 mL; normal day and night urinary frequency	12 weeks (subjects completing trial are eligible to continue in Study SBAW)	IEF percent change from baseline; percent change for I-QOL total score

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC-	Safety and	May 2001	Double-blind,	Duloxetine	N=458	SUI Average	Duloxetine:	IEF
SBAX	efficacy	Complete	stratified,	capsules: 20 mg	(F=458)	of at least 7	12 weeks	percent
Section IV.B.1.6.3; Complete; Full		May 2002	randomized, parallel, placebo- controlled, multicenter study	Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40 mg PO BID Placebo	53.2 years (27-79)	incontinent episodes per week before enrollment. Positive Cough Stress Test, positive Stress Pad Test result (>2.0 g); first sensation of bladder fill	Placebo: 12 weeks	change from baseline; percent change for I-QOL total score
						(urge to void) ≥100 mL, bladder capacity>400 mL; normal day and night urinary frequency.		

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status;		Enrollment Start Status and	Design;	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route,	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age	Diagnosis or Inclusion	Treatment	Primary
Report Type	Objective(s)	End	Control Type	and Regimen	(Range) years	Criteria	Duration	Endpoint
F1J-MC-	Safety and	June 1998	Double-blind,	Duloxetine	N=553	Subjects with	12 weeks	IEF
SAAW	efficacy	Complete	randomized,	capsules: 10 mg	(F=553)	SUI reporting		
Section		September	placebo-controlled	Duloxetine	49.6 years	≥4 incontinent		
IV.B.1.6.4;		1999	study	capsules: 20 mg	(27.1-65.7)	episodes per		
Completed; Full				Placebo capsules		week		
				Duloxetine: 20, 40, or 80 mg/day PO Placebo				
F1J-MC- SBBL Section IV.B.1.6.5; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	June 2001 Ongoing	Double-blind, stratified, randomized, parallel, placebo- controlled, multicenter, pilot study	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40-60 mg BID PO Placebo	N=195 (as of 01 November 2002). (F=195) (as of 01 November 2002). 18-78 years	Subjects with bladder overactivity defined as bothersome urinary urgency or UUI for a minimum of three consecutive months	12 weeks	24-hour diary

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- SBAF Section IV.B.1.6.6; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	January 2002 Ongoing	Double-blind, randomized, parallel, placebo-controlled multicenter study	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40 mg BID PO plus PFMT Placebo plus PFMT	N=153 (as of 01 November 2002) (F=153) (as of 01 November 2002) 18-75 years	Subjects with symptoms of SUI, including ≥2 accidential urine leaks per day	Active therapy: 12 weeks Open-label period: until duloxetine is commercially available or the sponsor stops the study	IEF I-QOL
F1J-MC- SBBA Section IV.B.1.6.7; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	November 2001 Ongoing	Double-blind, randomized, parallel, placebo-controlled., multicenter study	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40 mg PO BID Placebo	N=424 (as of 01 November 2002) F=424 (as of 01 November 2002) ≥18 years	Subjects with SUI or mixed incontinence for ≥3 months including ≥1 accidental urine leaks per week	36 weeks	I-QOL improvement

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- SBAU Section IV.B.1.6.8; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	April 2001 Ongoing	Multicenter, open- label, single- treatment-group extension study to Study F1J-MC- SBAT	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Duloxetine: 40 mg PO BID	N=363 (as of 01 November 2002) (F=363) (as of 01 November 2002) ≥18 years	Subjects with SUI (who successfully completed SBAT)	Until duloxetine is commercially available for the treatment of UI or sponsor stops the study	Long-term safety data
F1J-MC- SBAW Section IV.B.1.6.9; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	February 2001 Ongoing	Multicenter, open- label, single- treatment-group extension study to Study F1J-MC- SBAV	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Duloxetine: 40 mg PO BID	N=494 (as of 01 November 2002) (F=494) (as of 01 November 2002) ≥18 years	Subjects with SUI (who successfully completed SBAV)	Until duloxetine is commercially available for the treatment of UI or the sponsor stops the study	Long-term safety data
F1J-MC- SBAY Section IV.B.1.6.10; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	March 2001 Ongoing	Multicenter, open- label, single- treatment-group	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Duloxetine: 40 mg PO BID	N=662 (as of 01 November 2002) (F=662) (as of 01 November 2002) (planned) ≥18 years	Subjects with SUI for ≥3 months prior to study entry	Until duloxetine is commercially available for the treatment of UI or the sponsor stops the study	Long-term safety data

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- SBBM Section IV.B.1.6.11; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	September 2001 Ongoing	Multicenter, open- label, single- treatment-group extension study to Study F1J-MC- SBAX	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Duloxetine: 40 mg BID PO	N=334 (as of 01 November 2002) (F=334) (as of 01 November 2002) ≥18 years	Subjects with SUI (who successfully completed SBAX)	Until duloxetine is commercially available for the treatment of SUI or the sponsor stops the study	Long-term safety data
F1J-MC- SBAB Section IV.B.1.6.12; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	October 2001 Ongoing	Double-blind, randomized, parallel, placebo- controlled, multicenter study	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 80 mg/day, given as 40 mg PO BID Placebo	N=42 (as of 01 November 2002) (F=42) (as of 01 November 2002) 18-75 years	Subjects with genuine stress incontinence confirmed on urodynamic studies	Active therapy: 4 weeks Open-label extension: duloxetine 40 mg BID until duloxetine is commercially available or the sponsor stops the study	IEF

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Table I.C.3.3.

Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- SBAM Section IV.B.1.6.13; Ongoing	Safety and efficacy	May 2001 Ongoing	Double-blind, stratified, randomized, parallel, placebo- controlled, multicenter study	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 40-60 mg PO BID Placebo	N=109 (as of 01 November 2002) (F=109) 18-75 years	Subjects electing surgery for severe pure genuine stress incontinence	Active period: up to 12 weeks Open-label period: until duloxetine is commercially available for the treatment of UI or until the sponsor stops the study	Percent change in IEF from baseline to endpoint, and the change in I-QOL

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- SAAA Section IV.B.1.7.1; Completed; Full	Safety and efficacy	December 1993 Complete March 1995	Double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study	Duloxetine capsules: 20 mg Duloxetine: 20 mg PO QD	N=92 (F=92)	Outpatients diagnosed with either stress, urge, or mixed incontinence	3 weeks	CMG, voiding diary, 24-hour pad test, stress pad test, and social activity questionnaire.
F1J-MC- SAAB Section IV.B.1.7.2; Complete; Abbreviated	Safety and efficacy	August 1995 Complete November 1996	Multicenter, double-blind, placebo-controlled, stratified, randomized, parallel study	Duloxetine capsules: 10 mg, 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine 20, 30, and 40 mg/day PO QD Placebo	N=288 (F=288) 54.8 years (22.2-78.7)	Diagnosis of stress or mixed (with a significant stress component) urinary incontinence	6 weeks	one-hour stress pad test (SPT) weight

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- SAAH Section IV.B.1.7.3; Complete; Abbreviated	Safety and efficacy	August 1996 Complete June 1997	Double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomized, parallel study	Duloxetine capsules: 10 mg, 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 30, 40 mg/day QD PO Placebo	N=32 (M=5; F=27) 50.5 years (21-75.5)	One of the following diagnoses: urge urinary incontinence, urinary urgency (absent infection) without incontinence, or reflex neurogenic bladder	Double-Blind: Duloxetine: 1 week or Placebo: 1 week Open-Label: Duloxetine: 12 weeks	DAI
F1J-MC- SAAI Section IV.B.1.7.4; Complete; Abbreviated	Safety and efficacy	April 1996 Complete August 1996	Double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomized, parallel study	Duloxetine capsules: 10 mg, 20 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 30, 40 mg/day QD PO Placebo	N=91 (M=91) 62.5 years (40.5-85.7)	Diagnosis of mild to moderate BPH	Duloxetine: 8 weeks Placebo: 9 weeks	AUA Symptom Index score

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-MC- SAAL Section IV.B.1.7.5; Complete, Abbreviated	Safety and efficacy	May 1996 Complete November 1996	Multicenter, placebo- controlled, double-blind, randomized, crossover study	Duloxetine capsules: 10 mg, 20 mg Oxybutynin capsules: 2.5 mg Placebo capsules Duloxetine: 30/40 mg/day, PO QD Oxybutynin: 7.5/10 mg/day, PO QD Placebo PO QD	N=68 (F=68) 56.88 years (21.87-83.84)	Urinary frequency, urinary urgency, and nocturia	Duloxetine: 4 weeks Oxybutynin: 4 weeks	BUS
F1J-JE-301G Section IV.B.1.8.2.1; Complete; Full	Safety and efficacy	September 1994 Complete January 1996	Open-label study	Duloxetine: 10 mg/day, 5 mg/day, or 20 mg/day administered once per day orally after breakfast	N=43 (F=43) 20-79 years	Stress urinary incontinence	4 weeks	Pad tests as recommended by the ICS, urethral pressure measurement, and cystometrography, final global improvement

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-401G Section IV.B.1.8.2.2; Complete; Full	Safety and efficacy	September 1994 Complete January 1996	Multicenter, open- label study	Duloxetine: 10 mg/day (x 4 weeks) 5 or 20 mg/day (x 4 weeks) administered once a day after breakfast	N=42 Efficacy evaluation: N=31 (Efficacy evaluation M=21; W=10) 20-80 years	Patients diagnosed as having symptoms of urinary frequency, urinary urgency, or urinary incontinence caused by neurogenic bladder with uninhibited detrusor contraction or unstable bladder	4 weeks	Final global improvement rating

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Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-102G Section IV.B.1.8.2.3; Complete; Full	Safety and efficacy	November 1994 Complete December 1995	Open-label study	Duloxetine capsules: 10 mg Duloxetine: 10 mg PO QD	N=55 51.1 years (22-81)	DSM-III-R classifications of: Major depressive disorder, single episode; Major depressive disorder, recurrent; Depressive disorder, not otherwise specified; Bipolar disorder, depressive	6 weeks	HAMD ₁₇ , global severity (weekly), global improvemen (weekly), HAMD score (weekly), an final global improvemen

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-221G Section IV.B.1.8.2.4; Complete, Full	Safiety and efficacy	April 1994 Complete April 1995	Open-label clinical study (fixed- flexible dose method)	Duloxetine: 5-mg capsules and 10-mg capsules administered orally QD after breakfast	N=78 (M=44; F=34) 44.3 years (20-68)	DSM-III-R classification: Major depression, single episode; Major depression, recurrent; Dysthymia; Depressive disorder not otherwise specified; Adjustment disorder with depressive mood. Subjects with a baseline HAMD ₁₇ total score of ≥17.	4 weeks	HAMD ₂₁

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	#Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-311G Section IV.B.1.8.2.5; Complete; Full	Safety and efficacy	January 1998 Completed April 2001	Non-blinded study using a single-group, fixed-flexible administration method	Duloxetine: 5 mg capsules, 10 mg capsules, 20 mg capsules taken orally once a day after breakfast	N=73 (M=25; F=23) (30-<65)	Diagnostic classificati on (DSM-IV): Major depression, single episode; major depression, recurrent; dysthymic disorder; depressive disorder not otherwise specified; or adjustment disorder with depressed mood	26-52 weeks	Final global improvement rating

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-312G Section IV.B.1.8.2.6; Complete; Full	Safety and efficacy	September 1998 Complete March 2000	Non-blind, multicenter collaborative clinical study (single group, fixed flexible dose method)	Duloxetine: 5 mg capsule, 10 mg capsule, 20 mg capsule taken orally once daily after breakfast at a starting dose of 5 mg/day, with flexible dosage of 5 mg to 20 mg/day during Week 2 and later	N=20 ≥65 years	DSM-IV classifications of major depression, single episode; major depression, recurrent; dysthymic disorder; depressive disorder, not otherwise specified; and adjustment disorder with depressed mood. Baseline HAMD ₁₇ total score of 17 points or higher.	4 weeks	Final global improvement rating

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-313G Section IV.B.1.8.2.7; Complete; Full	Safety and efficacy	August 1998 Complete December 2000	Parallel, intergroup, double- blind study	Duloxetine: 5-mg capsules, 10-mg capsules taken orally after breakfast. Placebo: 5-mg and 10-mg capsules taken orally after breakfast. Trazodone: 25-mg tablets and 25-mg placebo tablets taken orally 3 times daily, after breakfast, lunch, and dinner	N=2 10 43.2 years (20-69)	DSM-IV classifications: Major depression, single episode; Major depression, recurrent; Dysthymia; Depressive disorder, not otherwise specified; Adjustment disorder with depressed mood. Severity: Baseline total score of 17 points or more on items 1-17 on the HAMD.	4 weeks	HAMD ₂₁

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-321G Section IV.B.1.8.2.8; Complete; Full	Safety and Efficacy	March 1998 Complete April 2001	Non-blinded single group, fixed-flexible dose study	Duloxetine: 10-mg capsules, 20-mg capsules administered orally once daily after breakfast	N=429 PPS=315 (PPS: M=182; F=133) 20-69 years	DSM-IV: Major depressive disorder, single episode; major depressive disorder, recurrent; dysthymic disorder; bipolar I disorder, most recent episode depressed; bipolar II disorder, recurrent major depressive episodes with hypomaniac episodes	26-52 weeks	Final global improvement ratings

Table I.C.3.3.

Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-321G (compassionate use) Section IV.B.1.8.1.1; Ongoing	Safety and Efficacy	June 2002 Ongoing	Compassionate use, open label, single group fixed- flexible dosing in long-term administration of duloxetine	Duloxetine: 10-mg capsules, 20-mg capsules administered orally once daily after breakfast	N=2 (as of 1 November 2002) 20-69 years	DSM-IV criteria for major depression, dysthymic disorder or depressive bipoloar disorder	Long-term until duloxetine is approved in Japan	Final global improvement ratings

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Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-322G Section IV.B.1.8.2.9; Complete; Full	Safety and efficacy	March 1998 Complete April 2000	Single-group non- blinded multicenter collaborative study using the fixed— flexible dose method	Duloxetine: 10 mg capsules; 20 mg capsules administered orally once daily after breakfast	N=45 ≥65 years	DSM-IV classifications of major depression, single episode; major depression, recurrent; dysthymic disorder; bipolar depressive disorder type I, most recent episode of depression; bipolar depressive disorder type II. Baseline total score of ≥17 on HAMD ₁₇ .	6 weeks	HAMD, final global improvement rating

Duloxetine Hydrochloride (LY248686)

Table I.C.3.3.

Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

				-				
Study Identifier;		Enrollment		Test and				
Location;		Start		Control Drug(s)	# Patients (M/F)	Diagnosis or		
Status;		Status and	Design;	Dose, Route,	Mean Age	Inclusion	Treatment	Primary
Report Type	Objective(s)	End	Control Type	and Regimen	(Range) years	Criteria	Duration	Endpoint
F1J-JE-323G	Safety and	August 1998	Controlled, double-	Duloxetine:	N=234	Patients with	4 weeks	HAMD
Section	efficacy	Complete	blind, parallel-	5 mg capsule,	41.7 years	depression or		
IV.B.1.8.2.10;		July 2000	groups, study	10 mg capsule,	(20-69)	depressive		
Complete,				20 mg capsule		conditions		ĺ
Full				and a placebo		Major depressive		ļ
				capsule for each		disorder, single-		
				formulation		episode; Major		
				taken orally once		depressive		
				daily after		disorder,		
				breakfast		recurrent;		
						Dysthymia;		
				Mianserin: 10		Bipolar I, most		
				mg tablet and		recent episode		
				placebo tablet		depressed;		
				taken orally 3		Bipolar II,		
				times daily after		recurrent		
				each meal		episodes of		
						major depression		
						with mild manic		
						episodes		

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-324G Section IV.B.1.8.2.11; Complete; Final	Safety and efficacy	January 2000 Complete October 2000	Single-group, non- blinded multicenter collaborative study using fixed-flexible dose method	Duloxetine: 10 mg capsules administered orally once daily after breakfast, initial dose of 10 mg/day, flexible dose of 10-30 mg/day from Week 2	N=24 ≥65 years	DSM-IV classifications of major depression, single episode; major depression, recurrent; dysthymic disorder; bipolar depressive disorder type type I, most recent episode of depression; bipolar depressive disorder type II. Baseline total score of ≥17 on HAMD17.	6 weeks	HAMD, final global improvement rating

Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (continued)

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-1008 Section IV.B.1.8.2.12; Complete; Full	Safety and efficacy	July 1993 Complete February 1994	Open parallel group study	Duloxetine: 10-mg capsules taken once per day after breakfast	N=83 44.8 years (19-69)	Classified as having depression or depressive conditions according to DSM-III-R classifications of: Major depression, single episode; major depression, recurrent; bipolar disorder, depressive. Total score of ≥17 on items 1-17 of HAMD.	6 weeks	Global severity, global improvement

Table I.C.3.3.

Study Identifier; Location; Status; Report Type	Objective(s)	Enrollment Start Status and End	Design; Control Type	Test and Control Drug(s) Dose, Route, and Regimen	# Patients (M/F) Mean Age (Range) years	Diagnosis or Inclusion Criteria	Treatment Duration	Primary Endpoint
F1J-JE-1009 Section	Safety and efficacy	September 1994	Double-blind intergroup	Duloxetine: Formulation A:	N=176 Efficacy	Pre- administration	6 weeks	HAMD
IV.B.1.8.2.13;		Complete	comparison study	10 mg/day	Analysis N=149	total score of		
Complete,		December	companies in state	Formulation B:	(Efficacy	17 points or		
Full		1995		20 mg/day	Analysis M=70;	more on item		
				Formulation C:	F=79)	Nos. 1-17 on		
				30 mg/day	20-70	the HAMD.		
				administered		DSM-III-R		
				twice per day		classifications		
				after breakfast		of: major		
				and before bed		depression,		T.
						single		
				Imipramine:		episode;		
				Formulation A:		major		
				50 mg/day		depression,		
				Formulation B:		recurrent; or		
				100 mg/day Formulation C:		bipolar		
				150 mg/day		depressive		
				administered		disorder.		
				twice per day				
				after breakfast				
				and before bed				

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Table I.C.3.3. Listing of Clinical Studies (concluded)

Abbreviations: AUA = American Urological Association; BID = twice daily; BPI = Brief Pain Inventory; CGI-Improvement = Clinical Global Impression of Improvement; CGI-Severity = Clinical Global Impression of Severity; DAI = Detrusor Activity Index; DSM-III-R = Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Third Edition, Revised; DSM-IV = Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Four Edition; F = female; HAMD₁₇ = 17-Item Hamilton Depression Rating Scale; I-QOL = Incontinence Quality of Life; M = male; MADRS = Montgomery Asberg Depression Rating Scale; MDD = major depressive disorder; N = total population; PFMT = Pelvic Floor Muscle Training; PO = administered orally; QD = once daily.