

Vaccine Safety Investigation Group Causality Assessment Expert Panel Worksheet for AEFI Causality Assessment

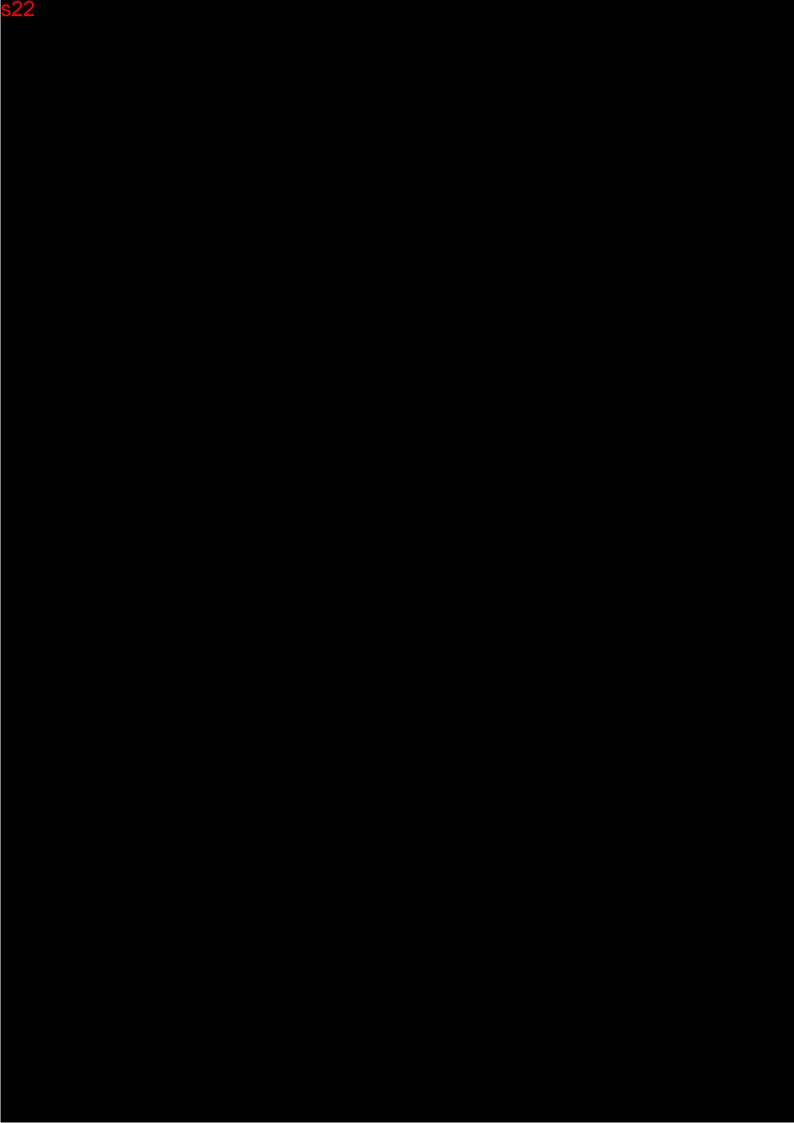
This template has been developed in line with the World Health Organization Causality Assessment of an Adverse Event Following Immunization (AEFI): User manual for the revised WHO classification, 2nd ed., p 59-60, 2019 update. World Health Organization. https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/340802.

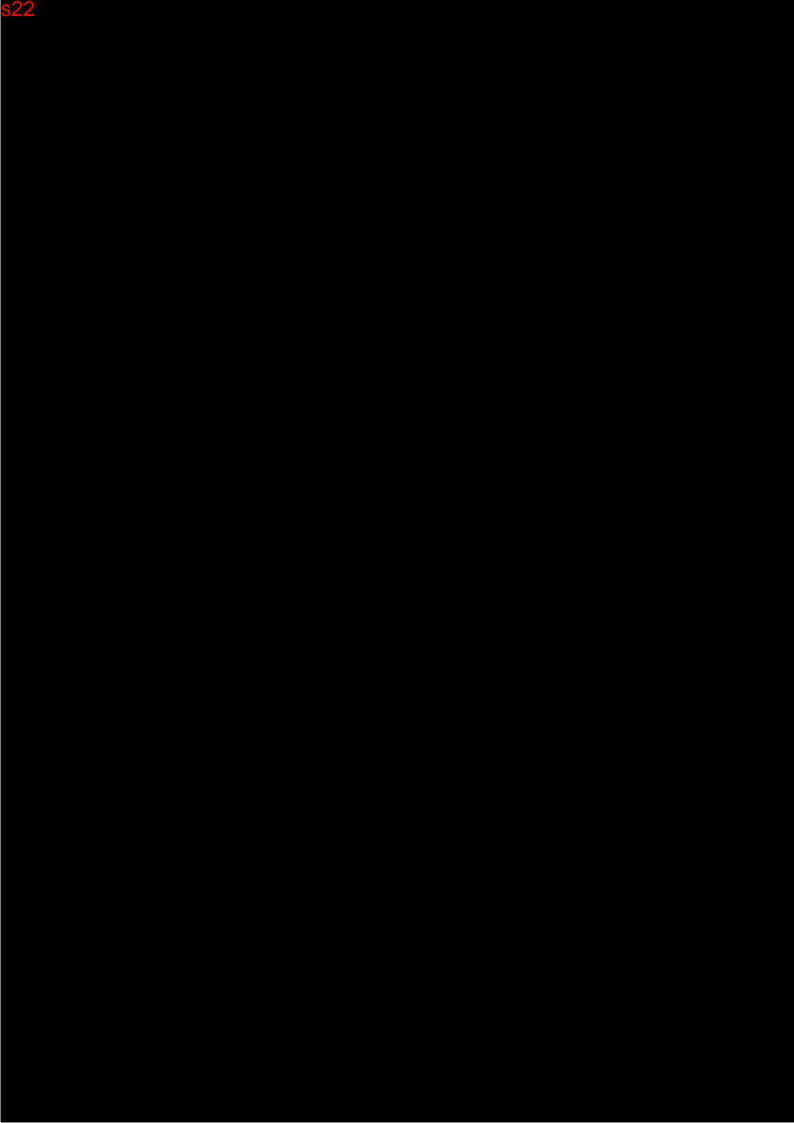
Patient details

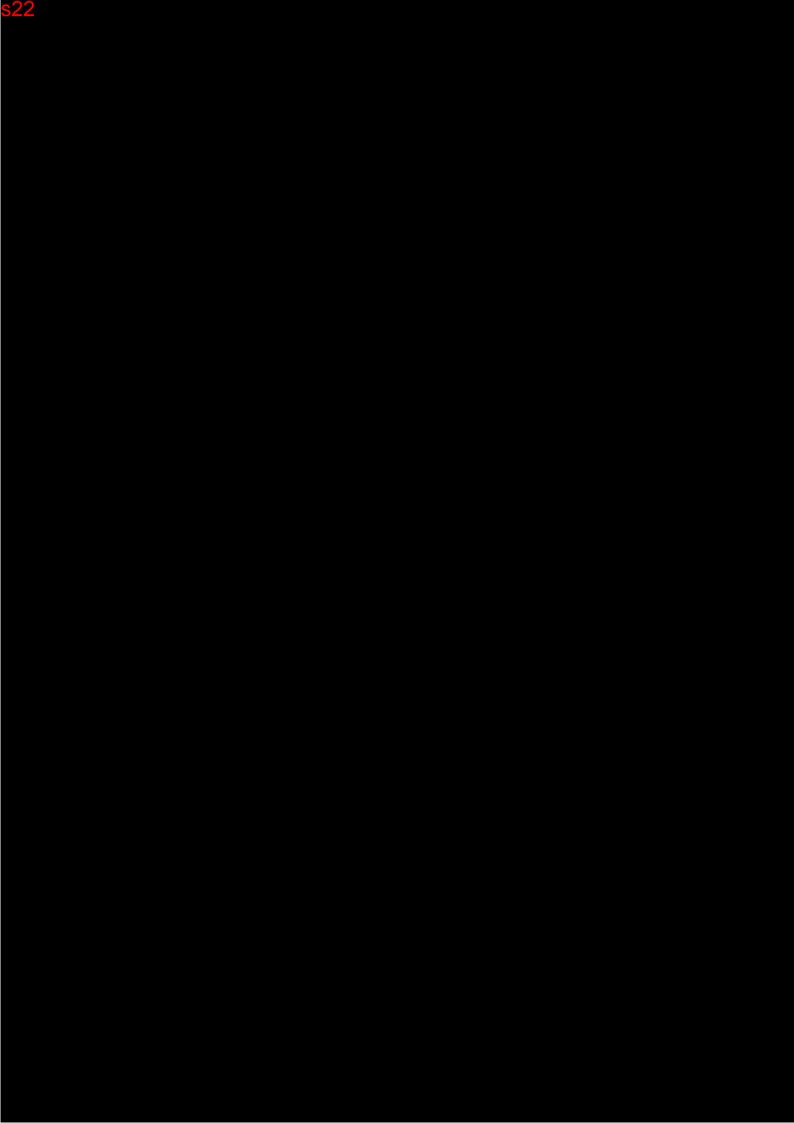
TGA ICSR	AU-TGA-0000 <mark>s 47F</mark>		
Patient initials	s22		
Age at time of event	63 years		
Gender	Male		
Sources of information	s22		
Quality of information			

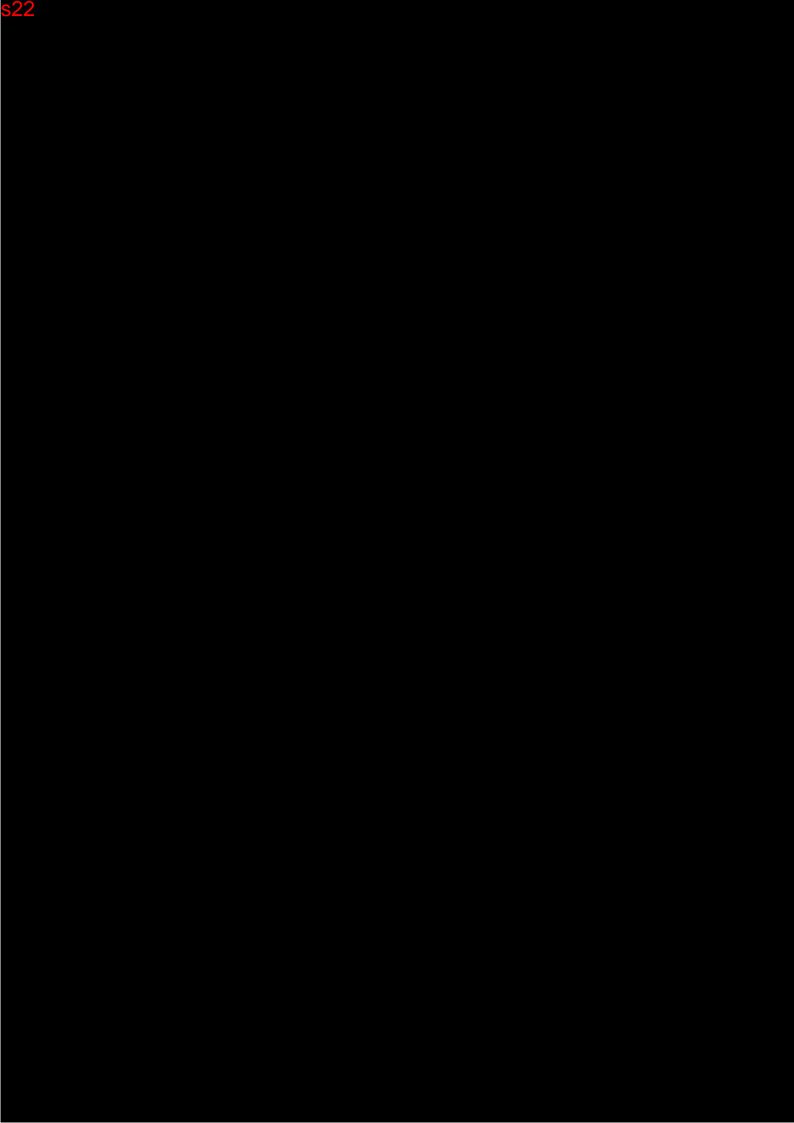
Vaccine and AEFI diagnosis details

Vaccine involved	ChAdOx1-S COVID-19 Vaccine AstraZeneca			
Vaccine brand name	VAXZEVRIA			
Date(s) administered				
Event/Diagnosis	Acute disseminating encephalomyelitis (ADEM)			
Does the diagnosis meet a	Brighton Collaboration Classification: Level 1 ADEM			
case definition?	Reference:			
	SPEAC D2.5.2.1 ADEM-Case-Definition-Companion-Guide V1.0 format12063-			
	1.pdf (brightoncollaboration.us)			



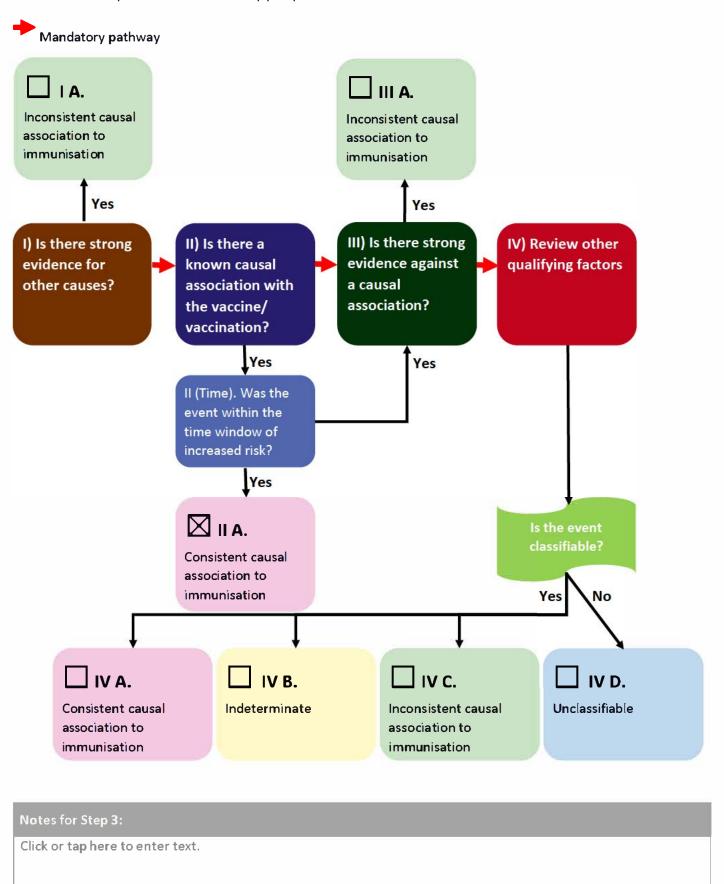






Step 2: The algorithm

Review all steps and check the appropriate boxes:



Step 3: Classification and Outcome

Classification

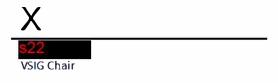
Check all boxes that apply:

Click or tap here to enter text.

Adequate information			Adequate information not available		
A. Consistent with causal association to immunisation	B. Indeterminate	C. Inconsistent with causal association to immunisation	U. Unclassifiable		
A1. Vaccine product-related reaction (As per published	B1. *Temporal relationship is consistent but there is	C. Coincidental Underlying or emerging condition(s), or condition(s) caused by exposure to something other than vaccine	U. Specify the additional information required for classification:		
literature)	insufficient definitive evidence for vaccine causing event (may be new vaccine- linked event)		Click or tap here to enter text.		
A2. Vaccine quality defect-related reaction	B2. Qualifying factors result in conflicting				
A3. Immunisation error- related reaction	trends of consistency and inconsistency with causal				
A4. Immunisation anxiety- related reaction (ISRR**)	association to immunisation				
* B1: Potential signal and maybe considered for investigation ** Immunisation stress related response					
Outcome Summarise the classification logic in the order of priority:					
With available evidence, we could conclude that the Classification is Vaccine product-related reaction because:					
s22					
With available evidence, we could NOT classify the case because:					

Signature

- To setup your signature: Right click the X → 'Signature Setup'
- To sign: Right click the X → 'Sign'



 $Return\ completed\ form\ via\ email\ to\ \underline{Committees@health.gov.au}, and\ Cc\ \underline{TGAVaccineSurveillance@health.gov.au}.$